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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/591,854	06/14/2007	Sheng Liu	920093,403USPC	4251	
566 SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC 701 FIFTH AVE			EXAMINER		
			NEALON, WILLIAM		
SUITE 5400 SEATTLE, W.	A 98104		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
OLITI ILLI, W			2617	•	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Application No. Applicant(s) 10/591 854 LIUETAL

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Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	WILLIAM NEALON	2617			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app	ears on the cover sheet with the o	correspondence ac	ldress		
Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REFL. WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D/ Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SSI (6) MONTH's from the mailing date of the communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period v Failure to reply within the soft or advanded period for reply with y statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing carried patient term adjustment. See 37 OFT 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this o D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 05 Se	eptember 2006.				
2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) ☐ This	action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar	nce except for formal matters, pro	secution as to the	e merits is		
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	53 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of Claims					
· _					
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1 - 22</u> is/are pending in the application					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	wn from consideration.				
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1 - 22</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.				
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on 05 September 2006 is/a	are: a)⊠ accepted or b)∏ object	ted to by the Exa	miner.		
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	ion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	jected to. See 37 C	FR 1.121(d).		
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form P	ГО-152.		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a))-(d) or (f).			
a) All b) Some c) Note of. 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.					
Certified copies of the priority documents Certified copies of the priority documents		on No			
Copies of the certified copies of the prior			Stage		
application from the International Bureau	-	o in this National	Stage		
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list		nd			
occurred detailed Office action for a list	or the certified copies not receive	м.			
Attachment(s)					
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da				
311 Information Disclusive Statements (PTO/SB/06)	Notice of Informal F				

Attachment(s)		
1) 🔊 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftspesor's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/06) Paper No(s)/Mail Date Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date. 5) I Assissed Informal Patent Application. 6) Other: Other:	

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3.

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Objections

Claims 6 and 16 are objected to because of the following informality: Both claims
recite the same physic channel. Examiner assumes 'the same physical channel' was
intended. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

- Claims 1, 5, 6, 7, 9, 11, 15, 16, 17 and 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C.102(b) as being anticipated by Trompower (US Patent No. US 6132306 A), hereafter "Trompower".
 - For Claim 1, Trompower discloses A wireless base station operatively connected to a wireless network control device, another wireless base station and a subscriber unit, comprising: (= wireless base station (210), network controller (220), another wireless base station (215) and SU (230). See abstract, (Col:5, Ln:58-67), (Col:6, Ln:12-22), (Col:6, Ln:60-67) and Figs. 2 & 9 12);
 - a first communication device for receiving downlink data frames from the wireless network control device and transmitting uplink data frames to the wireless network control

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device; (= network communications via backbone (250, 1025) with NWK adapter. See (Col:34, Ln:8-22, Ln:39-41), (Col:37,Ln:40-41) and Figs. 2 & 9 - 11);

a second communication device for transmitting downlink wireless signals to the subscriber unit and receiving uplink wireless signals from the subscriber unit; (= base/SU radio transceiver (1010, 1035a). See (Col:34, Ln:50-58), (Col:37,Ln:40-41) and Figs. 2 & 9-11);

a channel processing device for processing the downlink data frames into the downlink wireless signals and processing the uplink wireless signals into the uplink data frames; (= network communications via backbone are processed at (1027a, 1029a, 1031a) with NWK adapter. See (Col:34, Ln:10-25) and Figs. 2 & 9 - 11); and

a signal distribution unit for supplying the downlink data frames and the uplink wireless signals to the channel processing device for processing, (= signal distribution via (1025a, 1027a, 1029a, 1031a, 1054). See (Col:34, Ln:10-25) and Figs. 10 & 11);

characterized in that,

the wireless base station further comprising a third communication device for communicating with the another wireless base station, and the signal distribution unit further comprising: (= repeater controller transceiver (1012, 1035b). See (Col:35, Ln:21-31), (Col:36, Ln:48-54) and Figs. 2 & 9 - 12);

forwarding control means for transmitting the downlink data frames or uplink wireless signals to the another wireless base station and receiving corresponding downlink wireless signals or uplink data frames from the another wireless base station, through the third communication device. (= repeater transceiver (1012). See (Col:35, Ln:21-31), (Col:36, Ln:34-37) and Figs. 9 - 11);

For Claim 5, Trompower discloses - The wireless base station of claim 1, characterized in that the forwarding control means is further configured to transmit the uplink wireless signals and downlink data frames to said another wireless base station, and receive corresponding downlink wireless signals and uplink data frames from said another wireless base station. (= base station repeater controller transmits/receives and/or

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forwards packets to/from other wireless base stations. See (Col:37, Ln:38-39), (Col:38, Ln:15-20) and Figs. 11, 13 & 14);

For Claim 6, Trompower discloses - The wireless base station of claim 5, characterized in that said forwarded uplink wireless signals and said forwarded downlink data frames belong to the same physic channel (1029). (= See abstract, (Col:31, Ln:57-62), (Col:37, Ln:38-39), (Col:38, Ln:15-20) and Figs. 9 - 12);

For Claim 7, Trompower discloses - The wireless base station of claim 1, characterized in that said forwarding control means is further configured to exchange control signaling with said another base station. (= See (Col:14, Ln:42-60), (Col:24, Ln:54-61));

For Claim 9, Trompower discloses - The wireless base station of claim 1, characterized in that said another base station is configurable, and said forwarding control means is further configured to perform transmission and reception to and from the configured another base station. (= See abstract and (Col:5, Ln:60-65), (Col:14, Ln:20-40), (Col:35, Ln:21-31), (Col:36, Ln:34-37), (Col:36, Ln:48-54) and Figs. 2 & 9 - 12);

For Claim 11, the analysis used in the rejection of claim 1 applies.

For Claim 15, the analysis used in the rejection of claim 5 applies. For Claim 16, the analysis used in the rejection of claim 6 applies. For Claim 17, the analysis used in the rejection of claim 7 applies.

For Claim 19, the analysis used in the rejection of claim 9 applies.

For Claim 21, Trompower discloses - A communication method in a wireless base station which is operatively connected to a wireless network control device, another

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wireless base station and a subscriber unit, the wireless base station comprising a first communication device, a second communication device, a channel processing device and a signal distribution unit, the method comprising steps:

receiving downlink data frames from the wireless network control device through the first communication device (260, 1025a, 1027); (= base station receives packet from the network's system backbone. See (Col:37, Ln:40-41) and Figs. 11 & 13);

transmitting uplink data frames to the wireless network control device through the first communication device (1027, 1025a, 260); (= transmit to backbone. See (Col:38, Ln:35-36) and Figs. 11 & 13);

transmitting downlink wireless signals to the subscriber unit through the second communication device (1010, 1035a, 1039a); (= transmit to SU See (Col:37, Ln:40-41) and Figs. 11 & 13);

receiving uplink wireless signals from the subscriber unit through the second communication device (1010, 1035a, 1037a); (= base station receives packet from an SU. See (Col:37, Ln:35-37) and Figs. 11 & 13);

supplying through the signal distribution unit the downlink data frames and the uplink wireless signals to the channel processing device for processing (1029, 1031); (= forward packet for processing. See (Col:37, Ln:41-43) and Figs. 11, 13 & 14); and

processing the downlink data frames into the downlink wireless signals and processing the uplink wireless signals into the uplink data frames in the channel processing device (1031, 1054); (= See (Col:37, Ln:41-43) and Figs. 11, 13 & 14);

wherein the wireless base station further comprising a third communication device for communicating with the another wireless base station, and the method is characterized in that the providing step further comprising:

transmitting the downlink data frames or the uplink wireless signal to the another wireless base station through the third communication device (1012, 1035b, 1039b); (= transmit to another wireless base station. See (Col:38, Ln:15-20) and Figs. 11 & 13); and receiving corresponding downlink wireless signals or uplink data frames from the another wireless base station through the third communication device (1012, 1035b.

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1039b); (= base station receives packet from another wireless base station. See (Col:37, Ln:38-39) and Figs. 11 & 13);

For Claim 22, the analysis used in the rejection of claim 21 applies.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior at are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in <u>Graham v. John Deere Co.</u>, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPO 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows: (See MPEP Ch. 2141)

- a. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art:
- b. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims in issue;
- c. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art; and
- d. Evaluating evidence of secondary considerations for indicating obviousness or nonohyiousness
- Claims 2, 3, 8, 12, 13 and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Trompower, in view of Ogino et al. (US Patent Application Publication No. US 20020032031 A1). hereafter "Ogino".
 - For Claim 2, Trompower explicitly fails to disclose The wireless base station of claim 1, characterized in that the forwarding control means is further configured to transmit frame timing information relating to the uplink wireless signals or downlink data frames transmitted to said another wireless base station to said another wireless base station.

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However, **Ogino**, in a similar endeavor, teaches a repeater function for relaying signals. One function of the control channel is for indicating a system clock time and a frame format and identifying each channel position. Other control information contains clock supplier Id. (= See abstract, paragraphs [0014, 0016, 0030, 0036, 0067-0068, 0104, 0163] and Fig. 1);

It would therefore have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have combined the teachings of **Ogino** with the system of **Trompower** for the advantage of obtaining another resource and approach citing timing and synchronization over a control channel of devices implementing wireless repeating / forwarding functions.

For Claim 3, Ogino discloses - The wireless base station of claim 2, characterized in that said frame timing information is the wireless base station local frame timing and the cell system frame timing information. (= System clock and 'clock supplier' device provide the sync timing. See [0014, 0030, 0036 0068, 0107]);

For Claim 8, Trompower explicitly fails to disclose - The wireless base station of claim 7, characterized in that said control signaling comprises channel processing resource query, allocation control, establishment, modification and release operating commands, 0036

Ogino, however, recites allocation control, channel reservation and other signaling on the control channel. (= See abstract, paragraphs [0012, 0036, 0030, 0036-0038] and Fig. 3);

It would therefore have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have combined the teachings of **Ogino** with the system of **Trompower** for the benefits realized by utilizing a control channel for various signaling events separately from traffic channel information.

For Claim 12, the analysis used in the rejection of claim 2 applies. For Claim 13, the analysis used in the rejection of claim 3 applies.

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For Claim 18, the analysis used in the rejection of claim 8 applies.

 Claims 4 and 14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Trompower, in view of Wallace et al. (US Patent Application Publication No. US 20030174666 A1), hereafter "Wallace".

For Claim 4, Trompower explicitly fails to disclose - The wireless base station of claim 1, characterized in that the forwarding control means is further configured to advance the corresponding transmission by a time amount greater than or equal to the round trip transmission delay between said wireless base station and said another wireless base station, relative to the frame timing relating to the uplink wireless signals or downlink data frames transmitted to said another wireless base station.

However, Wallace, in a similar effort to achieve wireless communication system synchronization, teaches a wireless base station measuring time of arrival of signals from other base stations, determining the timing differences and adjust the base station timing using either a centralized processor or a base station hierarchy. (= See abstract, [0022, 0033, 0044, 0052, 0061, 0063] and Figs. 1 - 6);

It would therefore have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have combined the teachings of Wallace with the system of Trompower for the benefit of further defining the time of arrival delay between base stations as a determining factor for adjusting transmit frame timing.

For Claim 14, the analysis used in the rejection of claim 4 applies.

 Claims 10 and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Trompower, in view of Hellhake et al. (US Patent Application Publication No. US 20040014494 A1), hereafter "Hellhake".

For Claim 10, Trompower explicitly fails to disclose - The wireless base station of claim 9, wherein said another wireless base station's configuration is decided by said

wireless network control device, or said wireless base station, or said another wireless base station, or a third party wireless base station, or through the negotiation between wireless base stations.

However, Hellhake, in a similar endeavor, teaches a control center that can dynamically reconfigure the access nodes. (= See abstract, paragraphs [0013, 0022, 0027-0028, 0035] and Fig. 5);

It would therefore have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have combined the teachings of Hellhake with the system of Trompower for the benefit of having the ability to configure wireless base stations through a number of methods and sources.

For Claim 20, the analysis used in the rejection of claim 10 applies.

Conclusion

- The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.
 - US Patent Application Publication No. US 20040038647 A1 Local area network having multiple channel wireless access.
 - US Patent No. US 6119016 A Synchronizing base stations in a wireless telecommunications system.

Contact Information

9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Bill Nealon whose telephone number is (571) 270-7795. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Thurs from 9:00-5:00. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's Supervisor, Lewis West, can be reached on (571) 272-7859. The fax phone number for the organization where this

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application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306. Information regarding the status of

an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR)

system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private

PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available

through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-

direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact

the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

/WILLIAM NEALON/ Examiner, Art Unit 2617

/Lewis G. West/

Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2617